

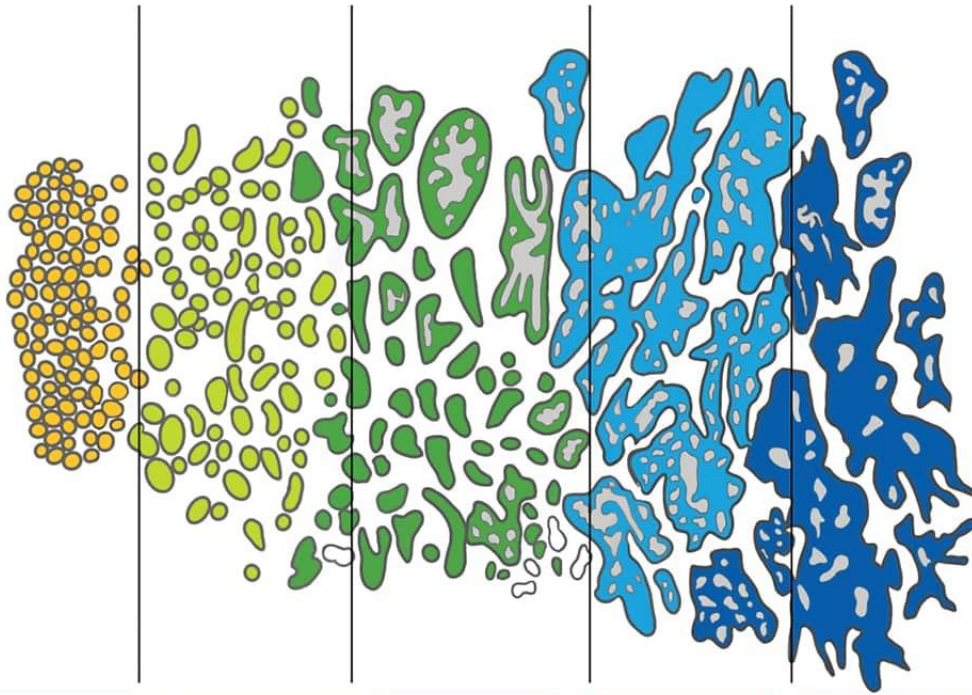
Gleason Score

- Pathologist looks at a prostate biopsy
- Identify the **two most common** tissue patterns
- Grade each one from **3 to 5**:
 - 3: Cells still look fairly close to normal
 - 4: Cells look more irregular and disorganized
 - 5: Cells look very abnormal and aggressive
- The two numbers are added together:
- **Gleason score = primary pattern + secondary pattern**

What Is a Gleason Score for Prostate Cancer?

Most Normal

Least Normal



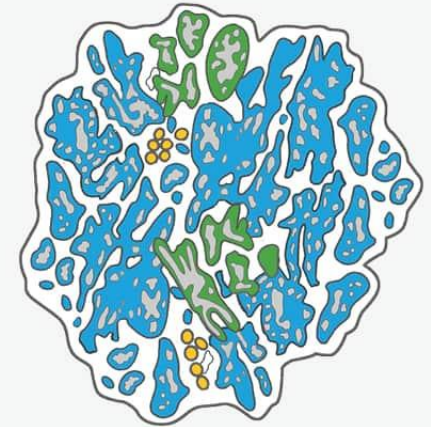
GRADE 1

GRADE 2

GRADE 3

GRADE 4

GRADE 5



In this prostate tumor, the most common pattern is **GRADE 4**, and the second most common is **GRADE 3**.

4 + 3 = Gleason score 7

Gleason Score	Grade Group	Characteristics
6	Grade Group 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Less aggressive • Very slow growing • Low risk
3 + 4 = 7	Grade Group 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Slightly aggressive • Slow growing • Low to Intermediate risk
4 + 3 = 7	Grade Group 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Moderately aggressive • Fast growing • Intermediate to High risk
8	Grade Group 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Aggressive • Rapidly growing • High risk
9-10	Grade Group 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Highly aggressive • Rapidly growing • High risk

Grade Group is newer

Prostate Cancer Groups

Gleason Score	Grade Group
Gleason 6 (3 + 3)	1
Gleason 7 (3 + 4)	2
Gleason 7 (4 + 3)	3
Gleason 8 (4 + 4)	4
Gleason 9 (4 + 5, 5 + 4)	5
Gleason 10 (5 + 5)	

**Clinically Insignificant
Active Surveillance**

**Clinically Significant
Treatment**